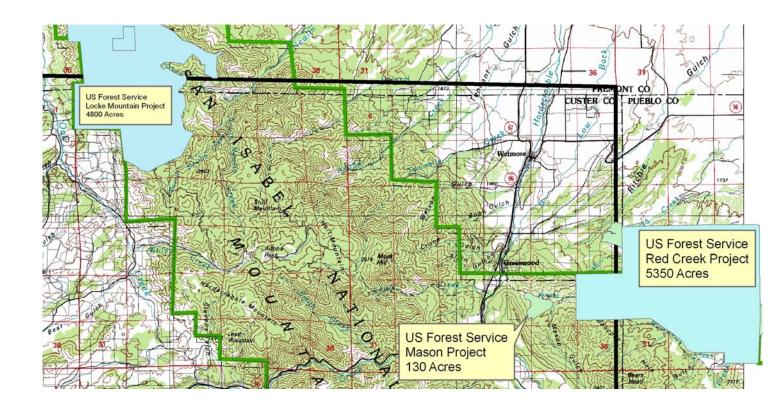
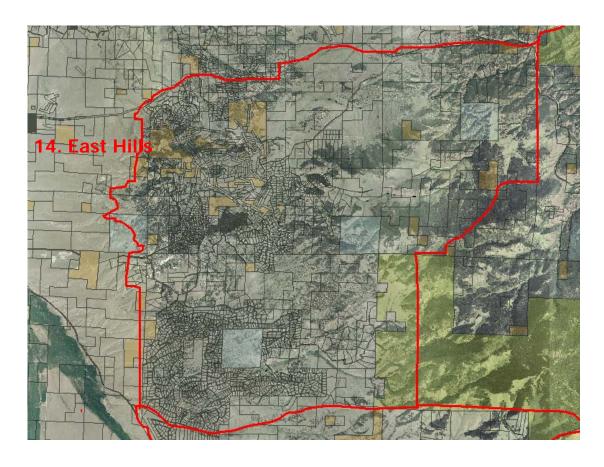
## **Wetmore Area – USFS Projects**

- a. Locke Mountain (including Fremont and Custer Counties)—in planning stages.
- b. Mason Project Completed tree thinning and brush control treatment helped protect Greenwood in the Mason Gulch Fire.
- c. Red Creek Project in progress over many years, fuel treatments.

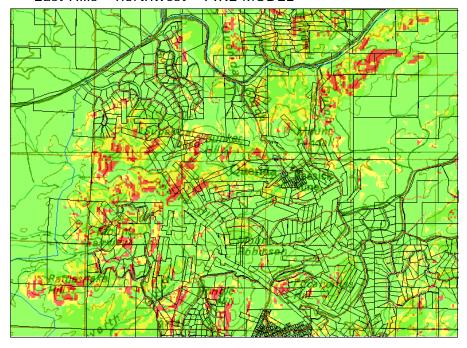




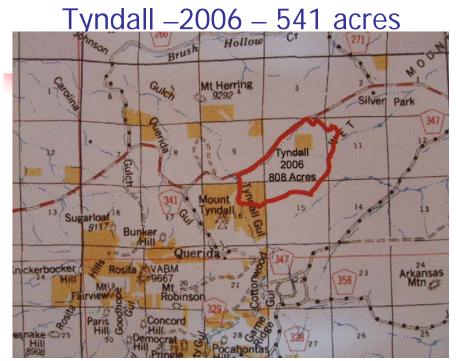
#14. East Hills aerial photo. Dark shaded area is town of Rosita.







Top right red zone is the Tyndall Fire.



Tyndall Gulch Fire, June 2006. Suppression cost: \$518,127.

Started from a dead tree blown by high wind into a powerline on BLM land. High southwest wind took fire northeast, just as fire model predicts. This is a verification of the fire model, and warning that mapped red zones are potentially very real and hazardous. Damage to 541 acres; three homes in and adjacent to the fire were protected. Cost per acre = \$958.

Lessons learned: Tall and unstable trees within reach of a powerline are high hazard/risk, so powerline protection must include more than easement tree trimming.



Tyndall Gulch Fire, 2006.

Red circle indicates home that escaped the fire due to openings around it.

Burned steep slopes with heavy forest closely match the fire behavior model (see previous map.) Note that interspersed and surrounding larger meadows served as firebreaks.

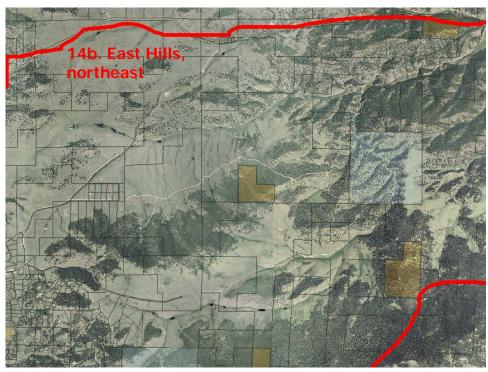




**Tyndall Gulch Fire** 

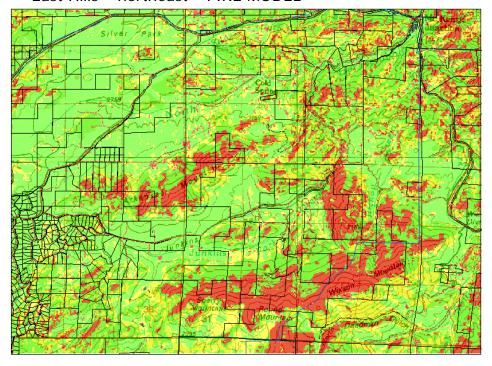




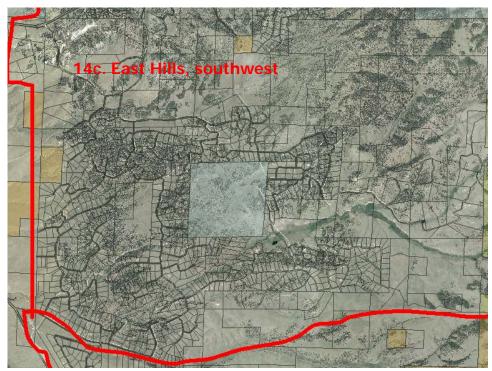


#14b. East Hills, Northeast aerial photo.

East Hills - northeast - FIRE MODEL

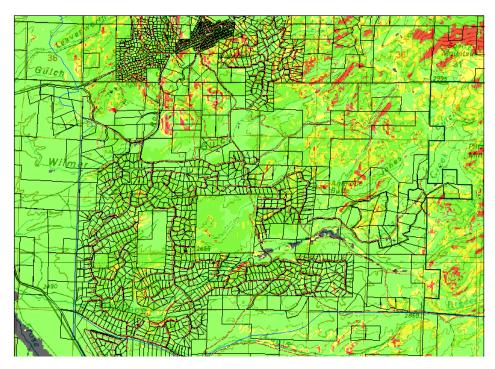


#14b. East Hills, Northeast shows red zones on steeper hills/ mountains in areas recently subdivided for homes. Not a high-density parcel area, but local fuel modification is needed.



**#14c.** East Hills, Southwest aerial photo





#14c. East Hills, Southwest, is south of Town of Rosita. Note small red zones – some coincide with the Cuerno Verde Fire south of State School Section 16.